Applicant: Tchao, Ruy

Application Serial No.: 09/472,490

Filing Date: December 23, 1999

Docket No.: 102-302 RES/CON

Page 2

## **REMARKS**

In the Examiner's Answer in Section 10, Response to Argument, the Examiner states that "no where in the specification does Appellant contemplate any assay other than a chemotaxis assay". In support of this position, the Examiner cites to portions of the specification which specifically describe a chemostaxis assay procedure. The Examiner is correct in noting that these portions of the specification do specifically address a chemotaxis assay. However, the Examiner has failed to note that a significant portion of the specification addresses an assay procedure which does not recite, nor is limited to, a chemotaxis assay.

Referring specifically to column 5, line 30 through column 6, line 39, the broad disclosure of the present invention is set forth. This portion of the specification begins "A particularly novel aspect of the present invention is the use of a radiation opaque membrane which is not substantially transmissive to at least the wavelength of electromagnetic radiation used to stimulate the labeled cells or the wavelength of electromagnetic radiation emitted by the labeled cells." This portion of the specification then goes on to describe how the radiation opaque member permits measurement of radiation emitted from labeled cells that have migrated through the membrane without the need to remove the non-migrated cells from the membrane. The specification describes that such an arrangement is a significant advantage because it avoids the tedious steps of removing the filter and scraping the non-migrated cells from the membrane.

Applicant: Tchao, Ruy

Application Serial No.: 09/472,490

Filing Date: December 23, 1999

Docket No.: 102-302 RES/CON

Page 3

Also, the procedure is nondestructive of the cell sample and, thus, permits repeated

measurements.

No where in this description is there any reference to specifically using a chemical

attractant to attract the cells through the membrane. Thus, the particularly novel aspect of the

present invention may be practiced using any technique which would attract cells through a

membrane. It is not limited to chemical attraction. In fact, at column 6, lines 39-43, it

specifically states that it is readily within the skill of an ordinary artisan to determine the

appropriate pore size for a particular chemotaxis assay without undue experimentation. Thus, a

particular chemotaxis assay is merely one type of assay within the skill of the ordinary artisan.

Accordingly, while the Examiner notes that certain portions of the specification

specifically relate to a chemotaxis assay procedure, Appellant wishes to note that other portions

of the specifications are not so limited. The Board is therefore respectfully requested to take into

consideration the entirety of the disclosure.

It is respectfully submitted that the disclosure supports the claims under appeal, as the

claims are enabled by the specification and are not improperly broadened in a reissue

application.

Applicant: Tchao, Ruy

Application Serial No.: 09/472,490 Filing Date: December 23, 1999 Docket No.: 102-302 RES/CON

Page 4

It is, therefore, respectfully submitted that reversal of the Examiner's final rejection is warranted.

Oral argument has been previously requested.

Respectfully submitted,

Salvatore J. Abbruzzese Registration No. 30,152 Attorney for Applicant(s)

HOFFMANN & BARON, LLP 6900 Jericho Turnpike Syosset, New York 11791 (973) 331-1700